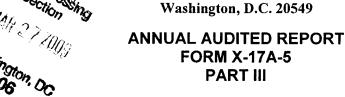


BECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION



OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

February 28, 2010 Expires:

Estimated average burden Hours per response.. 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-51149

#### **FACING PAGE**

UNITI

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $\_$	01/01/08 mm/dd/yy	AND ENDING	12/31/08 MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		[	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Bluechip Securities, Inc.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
2200 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 408		•	
	(No. and Street)		
Houston	Texas		77056
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC		(Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT when the second secon	nose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
CF & Co., L.L.P.	- if individual, state last, first, midd	lle name)	Wild Co.
		,	75044
14175 Proton Rd. (Address)	Dallas (City)	TX (State)	75244 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
X Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Unite	d States or any of its possess	sions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	Y	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

December	Securities, Inc.	, as of
		e and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as
that of a co	tomer, except as follows:	inector has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	E. AND	
		Signature
	ON TE OF TEST	Signature
	直流。今天OFIST.	
	WAY SPIRE OF	
	WATCH 19 Million	Title
		•
( )	bhis of And	(U.S. O. )
( -	Notary Public	
TL		Health Leady
	s report** contains (check all app (a) Facing page.	oncable boxes):
XIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIX	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
N N	(d) Statement of Cash Flows	
X		lers' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	<ul><li>(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities</li><li>(g) Computation of Net Capital.</li></ul>	Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X		Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
対		sion or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	(j) A Reconciliation, including appre	opriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of	the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
Ц	<ul><li>(k) A Reconciliation between the aud solidation.</li></ul>	lited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
X	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental 1	
) <u>[</u>	(n) A report describing any material in	adequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
X	(o) Independent auditor's report on int	ernal control

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholder Bluechip Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bluechip Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bluechip Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the Company has incurred substantial recurring losses. These losses raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

C7 \$ 60.22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas March 24, 2009

## BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2008

#### **ASSETS**

Cash	\$	5,780
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations		40,326
	<u>\$</u>	46,106
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$</u>	36,522
		36,522
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, 1,000 shares authorized with \$1.00 par value, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding		1,000
Additional paid-in capital		97,332
Retained earnings (deficit)		(88,748)
Total stockholder's equity		9,584
	<u>\$</u>	46,106

# BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Revenues  Commissions income Interest income Other income	\$ 274,297 1,178 10,921 286,396
Expenses  Commissions and clearance paid to other brokers Compensation and benefits Communications Regulatory fees and expenses Other expenses	49,869 86,337 3,213 3,205 176,615 319,239
Loss before income taxes	(32,843)
Federal income tax expense	-0-
Net loss	<u>\$ (32,843)</u>

## BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balances at December 31, 2007	\$ 1,000	\$ 42,832	\$ (55,905)	\$ (12,073)
Capital contribution		54,500		54,500
Net loss			(32,843)	(32,843)
Balances at December 31, 2008	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 97,332</u>	<u>\$ (88,748)</u>	\$ 9 <u>,584</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, at December 31, 2007	\$ -0-
Increases	-0-
Decreases	 -0-
Balance, at December 31, 2008	\$ -0-

## BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$	(32,843)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Change in assets and liabilities		
Increase in receivable from broker-dealers and		
clearing organizations		(3,172)
Decrease in other assets		531
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(40,788)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<del></del>	(76,272)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<del></del>	-0-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Capital contribution		54,500
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	<del></del>	54,500
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(21,772)
Cash at beginning of year		27,552
Cash at end of year	<u>\$</u>	5,780
Supplemental schedule of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	<u>\$</u>	-0-
Income taxes	<u>\$</u>	-0-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Bluechip Securities, Inc. ("Company") is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Company is also a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company operates under (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), which provides that all funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is a Texas corporation and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bluechip Holding, Inc. ("Parent"). Substantially all of the Company's business is conducted with customers located throughout the United States.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade date basis. Commission revenue and expense are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transactions. If materially different, commission revenue and expense are adjusted to a trade date basis.

Marketable securities are stated at quoted market value and securities not readily marketable are carried at fair value as determined by management of the Company. The increase or decrease in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of securities is credited or charged to operations.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible for tax reporting purposes. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operation losses that are available to offset future taxable income, subject to a valuation allowance.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital of approximately \$9,564 and net capital requirements of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 3.82 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

#### Note 3 - Possession or Control Requirements

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

#### Note 4 - Related Party Transactions

The Company and its Parent are under common control and the existence of that control creates operating results and financial position significantly different than if the companies were autonomous.

The Company is provided office space and general and administrative services by the Parent. The total expense related to these costs and services for the year was \$76,557 and is included in other expenses.

#### Note 5 - Federal Income Tax

The Company has a net operating loss carry forward of approximately \$109,906 available to offset future taxable income and expires as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2020	\$ 4,210
2021	19,282
2022	48,370
2023	38,044
	\$ 109,906

Deferred income tax assets are approximately \$15,700 and are fully offset by a valuation allowance of \$15,700. The deferred tax asset and valuation allowance increased \$5,700 for the year ending December 31, 2008.

On December 30, 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") No. FIN 48-3, "Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Entities" which permits the Company to defer the implementation of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48") until its fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. FIN 48 clarifies that management is expected to evaluate an income tax

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

#### Note 5 - Federal Income Tax, continued

position taken, or expected to be taken, for likelihood of realization, before recording any amounts for such position in the financial statements. FIN 48 also requires expanded disclosure with respect to income tax positions taken that are not certain to be realized. The Company has elected to defer the implementation of FIN 48 while the FASB amends the disclosure requirements for FIN 48 for nonpublic enterprises.

Management evaluates income tax positions based on a predetermined threshold of whether the positions taken will be sustained on examination. Uncertain tax positions are reduced by a liability for a contingent loss that is recorded either when the threshold is no longer met or when it becomes probable that a payment will be made to the taxing authority.

#### Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

Included in the Company's clearing agreement with its clearing broker-dealer, is an indemnification clause. This clause relates to instances where the Company's customers fail to settle security transactions. In the event this occurs, the Company will indemnify the clearing broker-dealer to the extent of any net loss on the unsettled trades. At December 31, 2008, management of the Company had not been notified by the clearing broker-dealer, nor were they otherwise aware, of any potential losses relating to this indemnification.

#### Note 7 - Going Concern

These financial statements are presented on the basis that the Company is a going concern. Going concern contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business over a reasonable period of time. Continued operating losses could directly impact the Company's regulatory capital. It is management's intention to control costs and increase revenue. It is managements understanding that it will continue to receive capital infusions as necessary.

Supplementary Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of December 31, 2008

#### Schedule I

# BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2008

#### COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$	9,584
Add: Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors		-0-
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		9,584
Deductions and/or charges Non allowable assets:		
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		9,584
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to rule 15c3-1(f))		20
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	9,564
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items included in the statement of financial condition		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$</u>	36,522
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	36,522

#### Schedule I (continued)

# BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2008

#### COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 2,436
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	\$ 5,000
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 4,564</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 5,911
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	3.82 to 1

#### RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

The following serves to reconcile differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Net capital per Company's (unaudited) Focus II	\$ 14,763
Increases (decreases) due to audit adjustments for:	
Decrease in receivable from broker dealers	(5,200)
Rounding	 1
Net capital per audited report	\$ 9,564

#### Schedule II

#### BLUECHIP SECURITIES, INC.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of December 31, 2008

#### **EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS**

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: First Southwest Company

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors of Bluechip Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of Bluechip Securities, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas March 24, 2009

December 31, 2008

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)